

# **Understanding Passive Optical Network Testing**

# Loss Budget

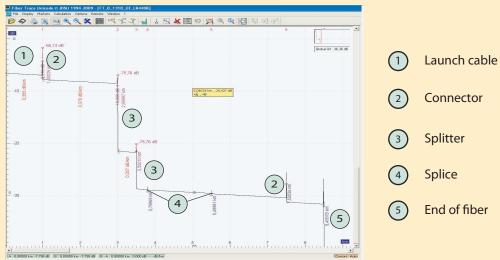
Typical PON loss budget								
	Loss	Number/Link	Total Loss					
Splitter (1:64)	18 dB	1	18 dB					
Splices	0.1 dB	4	0.4 dB					
Connectors	0.5 dB	2	1 dB					
Fiber loss								
1310 nm	0.35 dB/km	10 km	3.5 dB					
1490 nm	0.22 dB/km	10 km	2.2 dB					
1550 nm	0.2 dB/km	10 km	2 dB					
	1310 nm	1490 nm	1550 nm					
Total Loss	22.9 dB	21.6 dB	21.4 dB					

# **Splitter Port Loss**

Insertion loss		
3 dB		
6 dB		
9 dB		
12 dB		
15 dB		
18 dB		
21 dB		

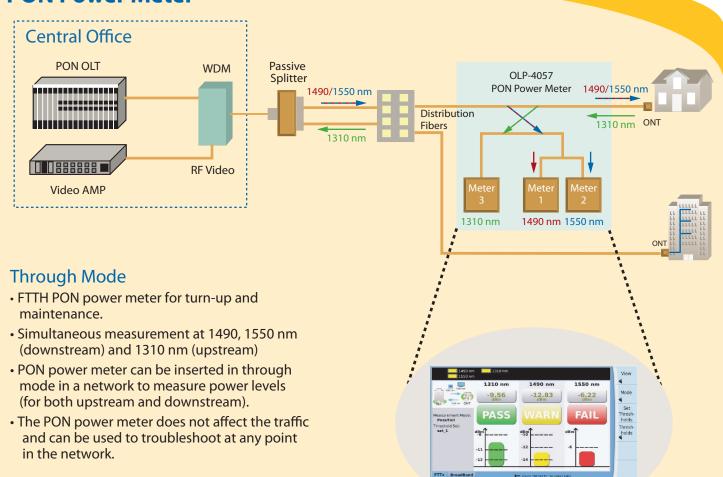
Typical loss =  $10 \log (1/nb \text{ ports})$ 

### **OTDR PON Trace**



OTDR PON trace from the ONT with cascaded splitters

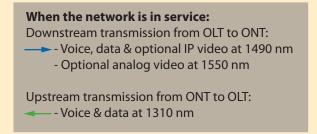
# **PON Power Meter**



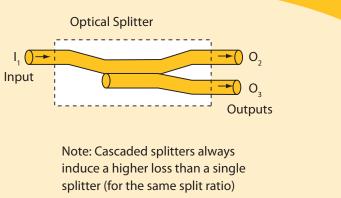
Through mode capability

### **Broadband Mode**

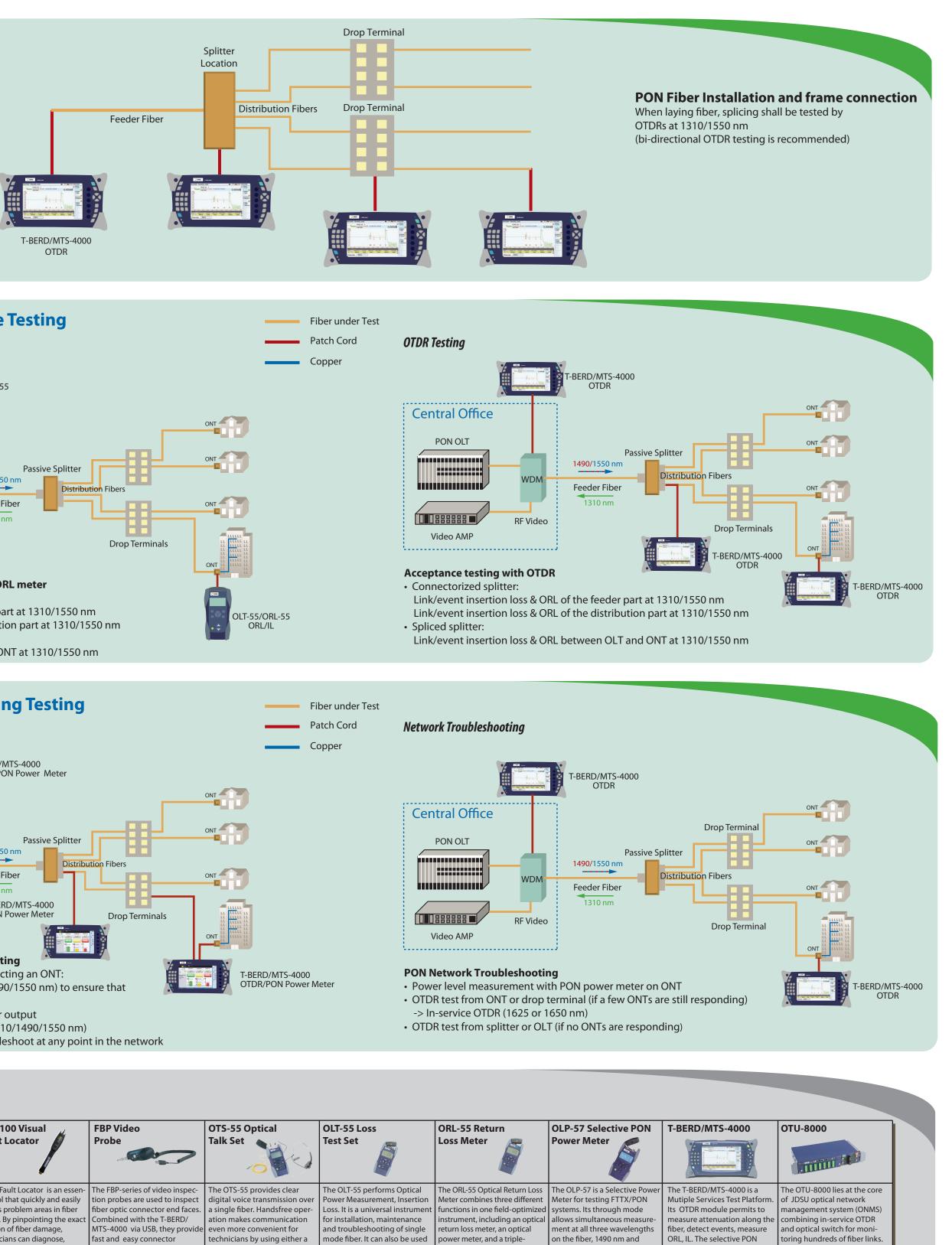
- Broadband power meter (780 up to 1650 nm)
- Basic power level measurements (when no 1550 nm video overlay is present).



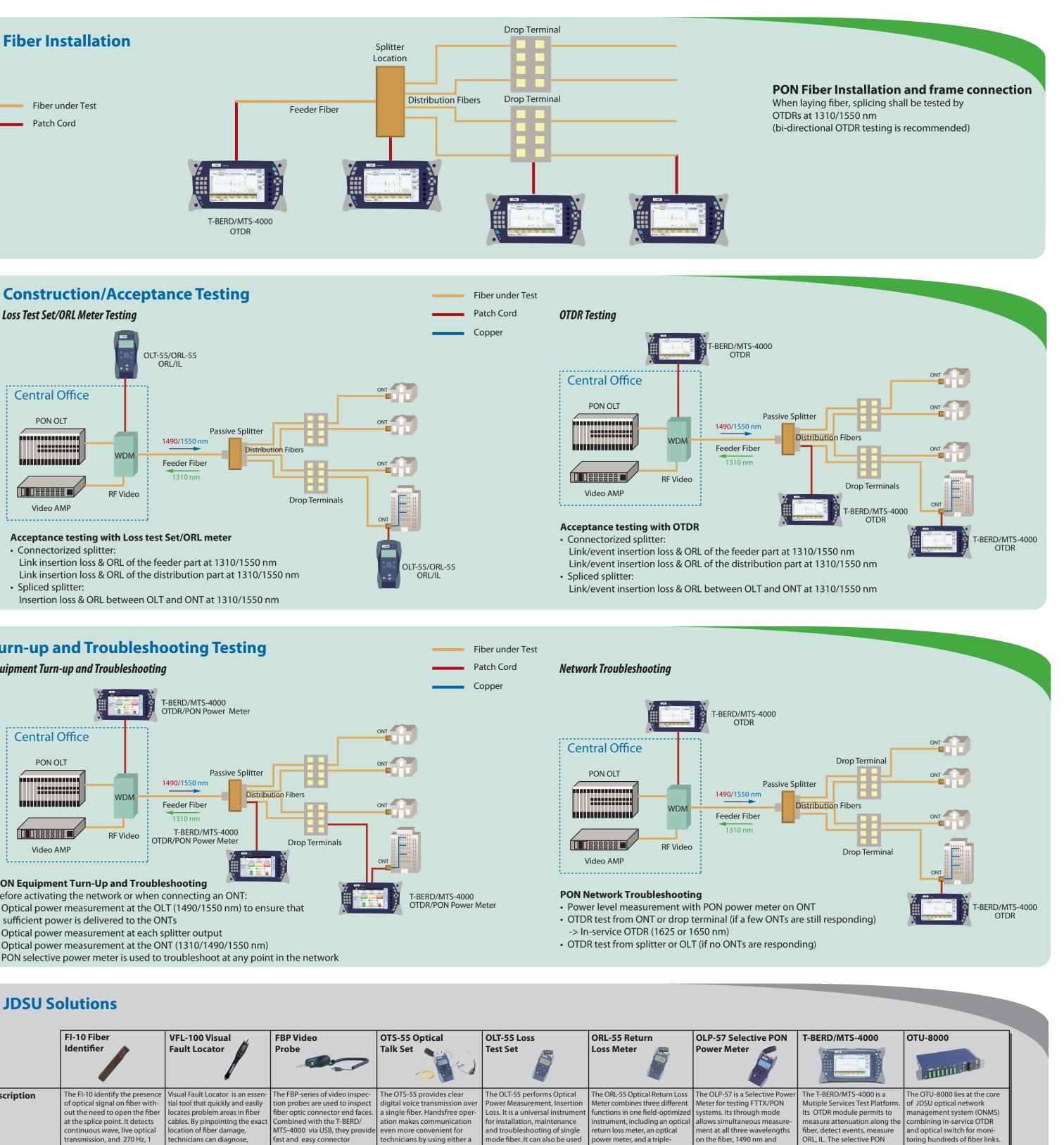
a: attenuation coefficient of the fibre Attenuation  $A = aL + a_{x}x + a_{y}a_{z}$ : mean splice loss a: mean loss of line connectors x: number of splices *y*: *number* of *line* connectors L: link length

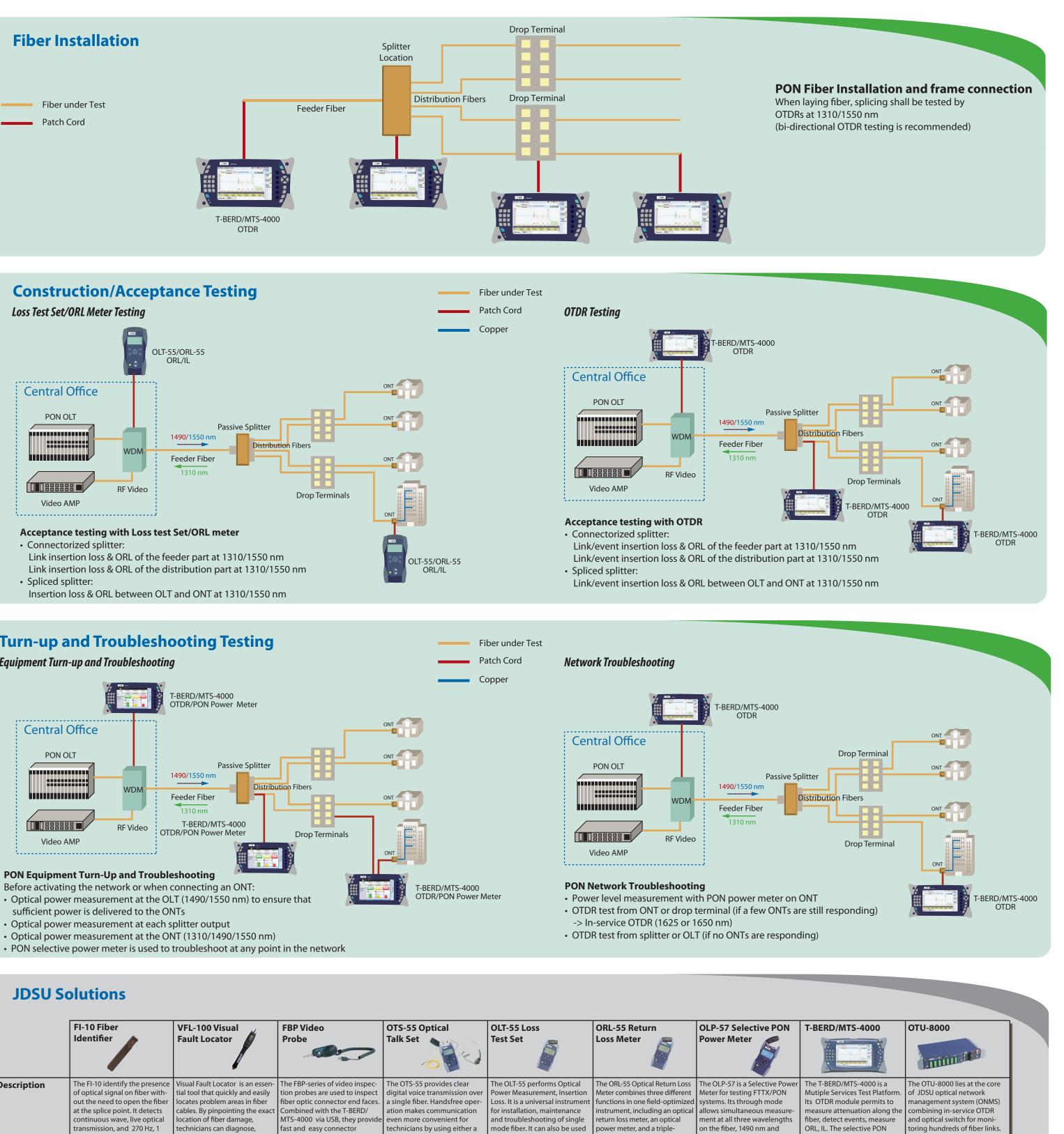


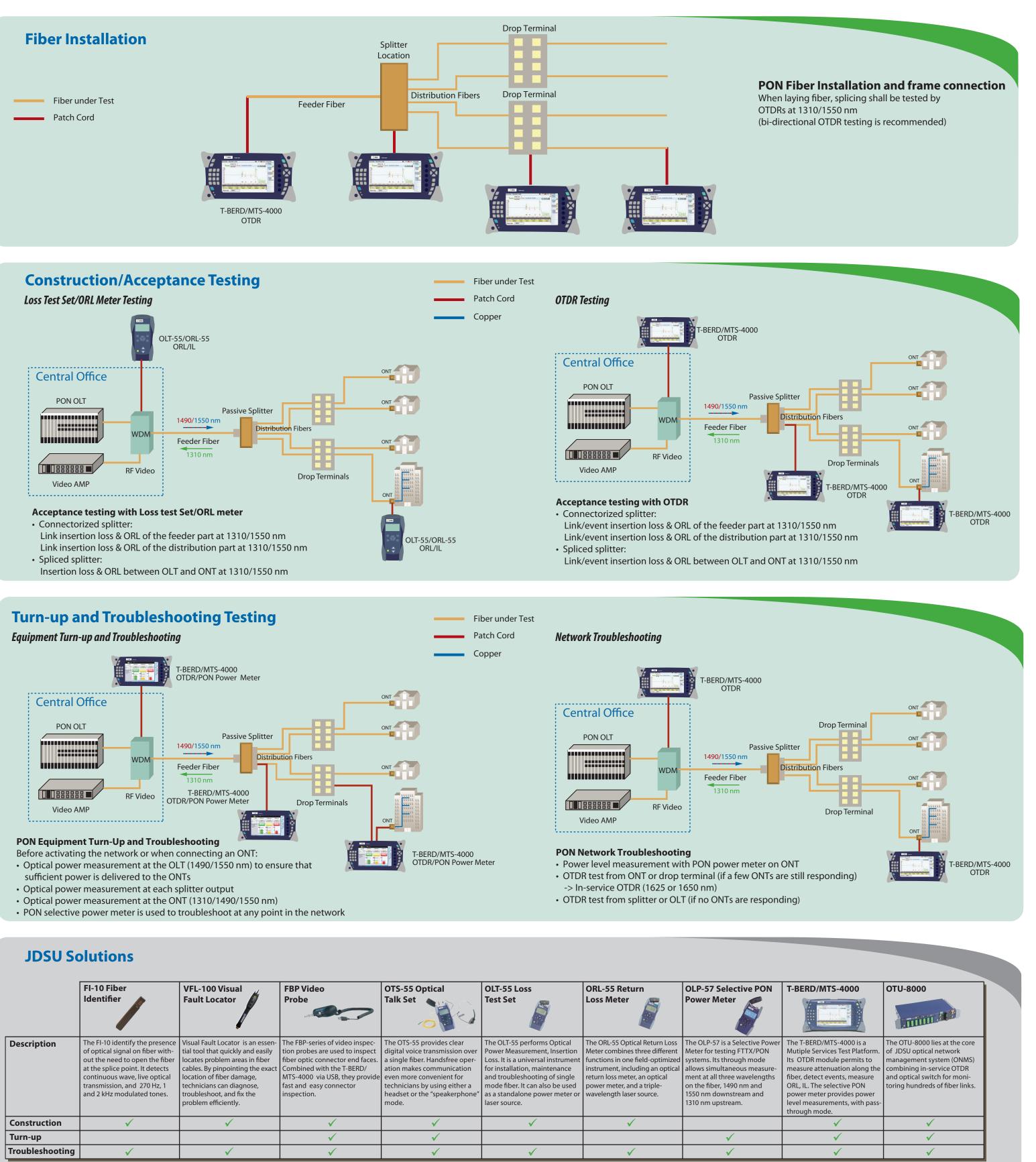
# Fiber under Test



# OLT-55/ORL-55 ORI /II







# To learn more, visit www.jdsu.com/fttx

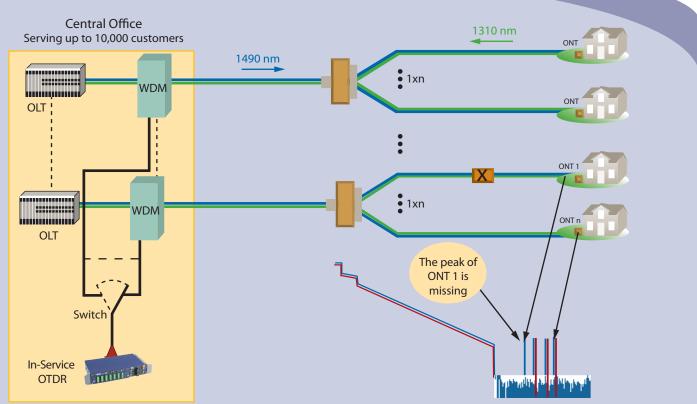
Note: Specifications, terms and conditions are subject to change without notice. © 2010 JDS Uniphase Corporation. All rights reserved. 30162962 000 0310 PON.PO.FOP.TM.AE

We wrote the book on Triple Play Testing. Visit us online for your **free** copy.

# **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

ATM	Asynchronous Transfer Mode
<b>B-PON</b>	Broadband Passive Optical Network
CO	Central Office
DSLAM	Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplex
E-PON	Ethernet Passive Optical Network
G-PON	Gigabit Passive Optical Network
IL	Insertion Loss
NOC	Network Operation Center
OLT	Optical Line Terminal
ONT	Optical Network Terminal
ONU	Optical Network Unit
ORL	Optical Return Loss
OTDR	Optical Time Domain Reflectometer
PON	Passive Optical Network
RFoG	Radio Frequency Over Glass
TDM	Time Division Multplexing
WDM	Wavelength Division Multiplexing

# **PON Test System**



Using an OTDR, PON network can be automatically monitored in service. The level of the peak generated by the reflective termination is checked at each acquisition. The peak disappears if the fiber is cut or its level decreases in case of fiber attenuation. This system allows to check the fiber continuity from the central office up to the customer. Such a system is the only way for technicians to know if the problem comes from the physical infrastructure (fiber, splitter, connector) or from the equipment (OLT, ONU, ONT).

# **PON Standards**

				Next Gen PON			
	<b>B-PON</b>	G-PON	E-PON	10G-PON	10GE-PON	RFoG over PON	Pure WDM-PON
Span	20 km	60 km max, 20 km differential	10/20 km	60 km max, 20 km differential	10/20 km	20 km	60 km max, 20 km differential
Maximum insertion LOSS	20/25/ 30 dB	20/25/28/ 30/32 dB	15/20 dB	20-30+ dB TBD	20/24/29 dB	Like selected PON	I To be defined
Maximum number of branches	32	64 (128 considered)	32	64 (128/256 possible)	64 (128 possible)	64	64 (128/256 possible)
Bit rates (Gbit/s)	Down: 0.155, 0.62, 1.25 Up: 0.155-0.62	Down: 1.25 - 2.5 Up: 0.155, 0.62, 1.25, 2,48	Down: 1.25 Up: 1.25	Down: 10 Up: NG-PON1/ XG-PON1: 2.5 NG-PON1/ XG-PON2: 10 NG-PON2: 10	Down: 10 Up: 10	Like selected G/E-PON Like selected G/E-PON	May fall under NG-PON2 May fall under NG-PON2
Wavelengths   (nm)	Down: 1480-1500 Up: 1260 - 1360	Down: 1480 - 1500 (WDM overlay possible) Up: 1260 - 1360	Down : 1400 - 1500 Up: 1260 - 1360 Video overlay 1550	Down: 1575-1580 D (WDM overlay possible) Up: 1260-1280	0own: 1575-1580 Up: 1260-1280	Down: 1490 Up: 1310 Return Path: 1570 or 1610	To be defined
Traffic Mode	ATM	ATM, TDM, WDM, Ethernet	Ethernet	TDM, WDM, Ethernet NG-PON1: G-PON compatible	Ethernet	TDM, WDM, ATM	WDM
Video overlay	1550 nm	1550 nm	1570 nm	1550 nm	1550 nm	1550 nm	Yes, to be defined
Applicable standard	ITU-T G.983.x	ITU-T G.984.x	IEEE 802.3ah	ITU-T G.987.x Mid 2010	IEEE 802.3av End 2009	IPS SP910	To be defined

# **Understanding PON Testing**

